[XXIVth Year.] [N°. 1217.]

THE MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, January 5, 1769.

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LEGHORN, September 6.

THE 8th of this Month a Corſican Half-Galley from Caprea entered this Port. The French Conſul, with Two Xebecks of the ſame Nation, wanted to oblige the Captain to lower his Flag, but the latter profeſſed he would ſooner die, than do it; accordingly he continued in Port with the Corſican Flag hanging out. Sunday Morning laſt, a French Xebeck, called the Cameleon, of 20 Guns, and 210 Men, arrived in this Port from Baſtia. The next Day the Chevalier de la Croix, the Captain was invited, with ſome of his Officers, to dine at our Commandant's. During the Entertainment, which was very ſplendid, they kept a profound Silence in Regard to the Affairs of Corſica; but ſome of the Crew, leſs diſcreet, reported that the French had attacked, at the ſame Time, Biguglia, Furiani, Oletta, and Olmetta: That at the Two firſt of thoſe Places, they loſt about 1000 Men, beſides a great Number of wounded, who were immediately carried to Baſtia; and that the French, notwithſtanding the Bravery of their Troops, had made themſelves Maſters only of Biguglia; theſe People add, that during theſe Attacks, the Corſicans being deſirous of making a Diverſion, had poſſeſſed themſelves of Two Poſts which the French had made themſelves Maſters of at their firſt Arrival in the Iſle. We learn alſo that Caprea is not fallen into the Hands of the French.

Sept. 10. By a Letter from Corſica we are informed, that Paoli has publiſhed a Manifeſto, wherein he complains, that the French have attacked the Corſican Nation unawares, and cut the Throats of thoſe who uſed the lawful Means of watching over the Preſervation of the Country. He aſſerts, in the ſame Manifeſto, that nothing is more equivocal than the Rights of the Republic of Genoa; and that beſides, were they as evident as they are doubtful, ſhe could not tranſmit them to another Power, without the Conſent of the Corſicans, whom he exhorts not to ſuffer themſelves to be ſold like Cattle at a Market; to repel Force by Force; and to aſſemble all, or at leaſt by Deputies, on the 20th of September at Caſina, there to deliberate on the Means of preſerving themſelves from Slavery and Deſtruction. He claims the Protection and Guarantee of all the Powers who ſigned the Treaty of Aix-la-Chapelle; and invokes the Juſtice of GOD, the Succour of his Providence, the Laws of Humanity, the Laws of Nations, &c.

By Advices from Corſica, dated September 3, we learn, that when the King's Edict and Ordinances, which contain Promiſes and Menaces made the Corſicans, were ſent the 27th of laſt Month to Paoli, he convoked, the next Day at Oletta an Aſſembly of the Rebels, at which, the above Edicts and Paris Gazette of Auguſt 15th, were torn and trampled under Feet by all the Chiefs, who cried out with all their Might, to the People, War! War!

BERLIN, *Sept.* 10. Sir Andrew Mitchell, his Britannic Majeſty's Plenipotentiary, has been at Potſdam ſome Days, waiting the King of Pruſſia's Return from Sileſia. This, and ſome other Circumſtances, occaſion many Perſons here, to believe that there are ſome very important Affairs on the Tapis, between the Two Courts.

NIECE, *September* 14. The Inhabitants on the Eſtates of Joſeph Barbaggio, late Commander of a Body of Troops at Nonza, have ruined all his Lands, in Reſentment for his having ſurrendered to the Enemy, without making any Reſiſtance; and both himſelf, and ſeveral other Chiefs, with a Number of Soldiers, embarked for France.

SIENNA, *September* 17. We juſt now received Advice, that whilſt the French were attacking Biguglia, Furiani, Oletta, and Olmetta, the Corſicans took Barbaggio and Patrimonio, and that the Troops which were in thoſe Places, were put to the Sword. [Utrecht Gazette.]

VIENNA, *September* 17. A Report has prevailed here ſince Yeſterday, that the Janiſſaries, who remain at Conſtantinople, have riſen againſt the Grand Vizir.

UTRECHT, *October* 2. According to ſome Advices from Germany, there has been an Inſurrection at Conſtantinople among the Populace, which could not be appeaſed but by the Death of a Prime Miniſter. This News, if true, will ſoon be confirmed.

October 5. Letters from Leghorn, dated the 16th of September, bring Advice, that 800 French having advanced towards Olmetta, the Corſican Militia marched there after them; and the Governor of the Place being deſirous of ſurprizing the Enemy, forbid the Garriſon to fire till they ſhould be within Muſket-Shot, when his Men made a continued Fire upon the French, who were at the ſame Inſtant attacked by the Militia and Paoli's Soldiers, ſo, that after a vigorous Defence, they were all obliged to ſurrender at Diſcretion.

LONDON.

Sept. 24. It is ſaid that the Troops in Eaſt and Weſt-Florida are to be recalled, the Expence of maintaining them having greatly exceeded the whole Value of thoſe Countries.

We are told, that great Numbers of Engliſh Horſes are at this Time privately buying up, ſuppoſed with a view to remount the French Cavalry.

If Corſica had been ceded to England inſtead of France, it is ſuppoſed this Kingdom would have been benefited 200,000l. per Annum, in the Article of coarſe Druggets, the Conſumption of which is not a Twentieth Part of what it was 40 Years ago.

A Correſpondent ſays, that a Tax of Four Shillings in the Pound, laid upon all Penſions, would near diſcharge all the Intereſt of the National Debt.

Sept. 26. It is confidently reported, that amidſt the many expected Changes in the Miniſtry, a certain Family, of the firſt Conſideration in Buckinghamſhire, will be peculiarly diſtinguiſhed.

We hear Sir Robert Ladbroke will ſoon be made a Baronet.

A Lady preſent at a grand Ball on Monday Night laſt, was dreſſed in a Silk, the Manufacture of Spittalfields, which coſt 35 Guineas per Yard.

Friday laſt a Water-Spout fell at Langton Herrings, in the County of Dorſet, and uncovered Seven Houſes, and Three Barns. The ſame Water was ſeen to riſe out of the Sea near Abbotſbury.

We can aſſure the Public, that the King of Denmark's Stay in France will be of ſhort Duration, as it is certain he will return to this Kingdom in January next, which will prove of vaſt Advantage, as well to our Manufactories as to the Venders of their Produce.

We are told, a Duty of Seven per Cent. will be laid on the Exportation of Pig-Lead, in order to encourage melting and refining the Silver from that Metal in this Kingdom. This, it is thought, will bring large Quantities of pure Silver into the Mint for Current Coinage, which is extremely wanted, it being well known to the Dutch, who, after refining the Silver from the Lead, underſel us in that Article in all the Markets Abroad, and ſupplying themſelves with ſufficient Silver for domeſtic Uſes.

Sept. 26. At the Manſion-Houſe his Majeſty the King of Denmark was received by the Committee, (appointed to manage the Entertainment) in their Mazarine Gowns, who, with white Wands, uſhered his Majeſty into the great Parlour, where, after he had repoſed himſelf a few Minutes, Mr. Common Serjeant (in the Abſence of Mr. Recorder) made him the City's Compliments, in the following Words:

MOST ILLUSTRIOUS PRINCE,

THE Lord Mayor, Aldermen, and Commons of the City of London, humbly beg Leave to expreſs their grateful Senſe of your very obliging Condeſcenſion in honouring them with your Preſence at the Manſion of their chief Magiſtrate.

The many endearing Ties which happily connect you, Sir, with our moſt gracious Sovereign, juſtly entitle you to the Reſpect and Veneration of all his Majeſty's faithful Subjects, but your Affability, and other Princely Virtues, ſo eminently diſplayed, during the whole Courſe of your Reſidence among us, have, in a particular Manner charmed the Citizens of London, who reflect, with Admiration, on your early and uncommon Thirſt of Knowledge, and your indefatigable Purſuit of it, by Travel and Obſervation, the happy Fruits of which, they doubt not, will be long enjoyed and acknowledged, within the whole Extent of your Influence and Command.

Permit us, Sir, to expreſs our earneſt Wiſhes, that your Perſonal Intercourſe with our moſt amiable Monarch, may tend to increaſe and perpetuate a Friendſhip, ſo eſſential to the Proteſtant Intereſt in general, and ſo likely to promote the Power, Happineſs, and Proſperity of the Britiſh and Daniſh Nations. And, that the Citizens of London, in particular, may ever be honoured with a Share of your Remembrance and Regard.

To this Compliment his Majeſty was pleaſed to return a moſt polite Anſwer in the Daniſh Language, which, by his Majeſty's Permiſſion, was interpreted to the Company, by Mr. Deputy Patterſon, as follows:

GENTLEMEN,

"I AM highly ſenſible of the Kindneſs of your Expreſſions to me. I deſire you will accept my beſt Thanks in Return, and be fully perſuaded, that I can never forget the Affection which the Britiſh Nation is pleaſed to ſhew me, and that I ſhall always be diſpoſed to prove my grateful Senſe of it to them, and in particular, to you, Gentlemen, and this great and flouriſhing City, which you govern."

Upon Notice that the Dinner was ſerved, his Majeſty, with the Locum Tenens on his left Hand, was conducted by the Committee into the Egyptian-Hall, where his Majeſty condeſcended to proceed quite round, that the Ladies (who made a moſt brilliant Appearance in the Galleries) might have a full View of his Royal Perſon, and all the Gentlemen below, an Opportunity of perſonally paying him their Reſpects.

His Majeſty being ſeated in a Chair of State, on the right Hand of the Locum Tenens, at a Table placed upon an Elevation acroſs the Upper-End of the Hall, with his noble Attendants on the right, and the Aldermen above the Chair, on the left, was ſaluted by a Band of above Forty of the beſt Performers, in an Orcheſtra fronting his Majeſty's Table.

During the Dinner, the following Toaſts were drank, being proclaimed by Sound of Trumpet, viz.

1. The King. 2. The Queen, Prince of Wales, and Royal Family. 3. His Majeſty of Denmark and Norway. 4. The Queen and Royal Family of Denmark. 5. Proſperity to the Kingdoms of Denmark and Norway.

After which his Majeſty was pleaſed to propoſe the following Toaſts, which were proclaimed in the ſame Manner, viz.

1. Proſperity to the Britiſh Nation. 2. Proſperity to the City of London.

Mr. Deputy Patterſon had the Honour to attend his Majeſty as Interpreter; his Majeſty, through him, repeatedly expreſſing to the Locum Tenens, how much he admired the Grandeur of the Egyptian Hall, the Brilliancy of the Illuminations round it, the Magnificence of the Dinner, the Excellency of the Muſic, and the good Order and Decorum of the whole Entertainment.

After Dinner his Majeſty was re-conducted into the great Parlour, where he was preſented with Tea and Coffee, and entertained with Solos on different Inſtruments by ſeveral capital Performers.

At Eight his Majeſty and his Retinue, after taking Leave of the Locum Tenens and the Corporation, were uſhered to their Coaches, the Committee going before his Majeſty with Wax-Lights. His Majeſty then returned to his Apartment in St. James's Palace, amidſt the ſame Croud and Acclamations as before, with the Addition of Illuminations in almoſt every Window, that the People might have the Pleaſure of ſeeing his Majeſty as long as poſſible.

By the laſt Letters from Hamburg, we are informed, that there are ſome Engliſh Officers at that Place, enliſting Troops. They have Orders to form Three Regiments, to be ſent directly from thence to America.

By a Gentleman juſt arrived from Cadiz, we are informed, that the Spaniards are greatly augmenting their Marine, both in Europe and America.

It is confidently reported, that a great Man has actually propoſed the fitting out a large Naval and Military Force, to diſpoſſeſs the French Invaders of Corſica.

Sept. 27. They write from Cadiz, that they had received advice of the Iſland Juan Fernandes having been ſo disfigured by an Earthquake, as hardly to be known for the ſame Place by the moſt experienced Navigators in the South Seas.

We are told an additional Duty will be laid next Seſſion of Parliament, on the Exportation of Coals, Gum, Calamine, Fullers Earth, Pipe-Clay, and other raw Materials for Manufactories, or dying Abroad, which meets with Encouragement on the Continent, greatly detrimental to the Trade and Commerce of Great-Britain.

Sept. 29. They write from Liſbon, that a Treaty is on Foot for ceding the Iſle of St. Catherine, on the Coaſt of Brazil, to the Catholic King.

The whole of the national Debt, as it ſtood on the 5th of January 1768 (being old Chriſtmas Day) was 129,724,936l. 8s. 2d. Farthing. The annual Intereſt for the ſame 4,646,027l. 7s. 5d.

It is ſaid Commodore Spry has ſunk a French Ship in the Mediterranean, for not paying the Honours due to the Britiſh-Flag.

It is ſaid that at this Time the French have Seventy Men of War in Commiſſion. More than Two Thirds of which are Ships of the Line.

The ſeveral Expreſſes arrived at the Court End of the Town ſince Sunday, have occaſioned no little Buſtle among the Politicians near St. James's, who ſeem extremely embarraſſed to account for the Motives of the uncommon Hurry and Buſineſs obſerved at preſent going on at certain Offices in the Adminiſtration.

Oct. 1. A certain great Man we are told, begins to relax in his Reſentments againſt the Americans, which Change of Sentiment, we hear, is probably owing to the near Approach of the Meeting of a certain auguſt Aſſembly, where it is aſſerted the real Friends to Great-Britain, and her Colonies, will have a cool, fair, and impartial Hearing, which it is hoped, will be attended with happy Conſequences to the whole.

We hear that 3000 Cards for his Daniſh Majeſty's Grand Ball and Supper, at the Opera-Houſe, on the 10th of this Month, were ordered to be delivered to the Nobility and Gentry.

His Daniſh Majeſty has ſent a polite Card to Sir Robert Ladbroke, and the Three other City Members, to invite them to Dinner with him To-morrow at St. James's.

It is now ſaid, that one principal Reaſon for allowing a Popiſh Biſhop in Canada, was, to furniſh a Pretence for eſtabliſhing a Proteſtant Prelatic Hierarchy, throughout all the other Engliſh Colonies in America.

It is by no Means true, that the Differences between a great Miniſter and a great General are adjuſted: It is indeed a Fact, that Overtures for an Accommodation have been made, by the Friends of each Party, but no Mode of Reconciliation has yet been approved of: There are even ſome who deem an Adjuſtment abſolutely impracticable; the Conceſſions of the Miniſter, ſuch as they are, appearing rather wrung, than gently perſuaded, or voluntarily proceeding from him; and the Purchaſe of Oblivion, reſpecting the Affront, received by the General, being on the other Hand, fixed at a Price which would totally bankrupt the Honour of the Miniſter to comply with.

We do not give it to the Public as a Project that will inevitably take Place, but rather as a Scheme too wild (for Want of Strength) to be carried into ſucceſsful Execution: However, be it as it may, we can poſitively aſſure them, that it is in Agitation, by ſome Minority Patriots of the preſent Day, to found an Impeachment next Seſſions, on a Variety of Accuſations of the miniſterial Conduct of an abſent Man of Diſtinction; and, particularly, among others, that of his adviſing a Proclamation, wherein the brave Corſicans are treated as Rebels, thereby depriving thoſe brave Defenders of all Succour on our Side, without a Breach of Public Faith, as well as putting it into the Reach of our natural Enemies to add, with Impunity, to their Strength and Influence an important Part of the World (the Mediterranean Sea) where they were by much too powerful before.

Bets of 500 Guineas to 100 are depending, that there will be War in Europe, if not a general One on the Continent, within Ten Months from hence.

Two Frigates are ordered to be kept in conſtant Readineſs to ſail at a Moment's Warning, one at Plymouth, the other at Portſmouth; which occaſions ſome Speculation among our Politicians, as from Circumſtances, it is thought, they are not intended for North-America.

On Thurſday Evening, at a Coffee-Houſe in Fleet-Street, an Iriſh Gentleman, in the true Spirit of Bull-making, offered to bet a Guinea, that the King of Denmark would viſit Ireland before he left this Kingdom.

We are told a great and honeſt Man, at the Head of the Law, who has been talked of to be removed, for theſe Two Years paſt, will not quit his Station, unleſs he is diſmiſſed by Royal Authority.

One principal Obſtruction to the Change of the Miniſtry, is, that Lord E—— (who is intended to have a principal Share in the Adminiſtration) will not come in, if Lord C—— is permitted to have any Share therein, not chuſing to draw with a Man, who will arrogate to himſelf the Guidance of every Meaſure, which, if ſucceſsful, he will ſolely aſſume the Honour of, and if likely to be otherwiſe, will withdraw, and lay the Blame upon the reſt, as he did before.

Some Time ago a Creditor threw a Man into the Marſhalſea, and at the ſame Time wiſhed, with the moſt horrid Imprecations, that he might not live an Hour longer than the poor Man was confined. The Cauſe was tried, the Debt ſet aſide, and the Man diſcharged. At the Moment of his Diſcharge, the inhuman Creditor was cruſhed to Death by a Cart in Thames-Street.

Some Evenings ago, Mr. John Daw, Serge-Maker of South-Molton in Devonſhire, and his Wife, being greatly diſtreſſed in their Circumſtances, walked Hand in Hand into the River, and were found drowned next Morning.

Oct. 3. Wedneſday at Noon a Nobleman from the Court of Denmark arrived at his Daniſh Majeſty's Apartment, with ſome Expreſſes of Importance.

They write from Conſtantinople, that the Janiſſaries have induced the Grand Signior to adopt their Ideas in regard to War; but that, on the other Hand, the Grand Viſier, the Mufti, and Perſons of the Law, ſeem to be of Opinion that the Porte ſhould by no Means ſwerve from the pacific Syſtem which it has long adopted.

Great Bets are depending at the Weſt-End of the Town, that there will be a general War all over Europe within Twelve Months.

Oct. 4. According to the laſt Advices from Germany, the Frontiers of Sileſia, on the ſide of Poland, are in a State of Tranquility; nothing being in Motion, except a few ſmall Detachments of Light Troops, ordered there to patrole the Country. The Letters add, that ſeveral of the Confederates had taken Refuge there, to avoid falling into the Hands of the Ruſſians.

Notwithſtanding the Caution with which L——d S——h tranſacted his Buſineſs at Rotterdam, it has been diſcovered, that immenſe Sums have been remitted to London, in Three Poſts, by the Perſons who met him there incog. For what Service ſuch Sums have been negotiated, Time only can diſcover; but our Politicians on this Side of the Water, are of Opinion, that it bodes Peace; for, if Money can buy Peace, it can certainly preſerve it.

This Morning, the Tranſports, to the Number of 80, were conveyed from Newgate, and put on board a cloſe Lighter at Blackfriars, in order to be forwarded to the Britiſh Plantations. They went off very merry, huzzaing; and declared they were going where they ſoon might regain their loſt Liberty.

Yeſterday the King of Denmark's Baggage was ſent away to Dover.

Such is the Rage for Tickets, for the enſuing Maſquerade-Ball, on Monday next, that One Hundred Guineas were offered on Thurſday laſt, for Four, and refuſed.

By Letters from the Hague, we are informed, that his Pruſſian Majeſty has been for ſome Time paſt indiſpoſed, and that it was this diſagreeable News that prevented Prince Henry of Pruſſia from paying his intended Viſit to the Court of Great-Britain, as it determined his Highneſs to return home to Berlin immediately.

Oct. 5. According to Letters from Leghorn, Commodore Spry, Commander of the Engliſh Squadron in the Mediterranean, had lately a Conference with General Paoli, the Subject of which ſtill remains a Secret.

Oct. 6. It is remarkable, and worthy Obſervation, that the Number and Value of our Imports, in the Port of London, has exceeded, by one Third, the Exports within theſe Three Months paſt; a Circumſtance which bodes no extraordinary Encouragement to the Trade and Manufactures of this Nation.

An ingenious Coach-Maker near St. Martin's-Lane ſays he has lately found out the Longitude, and intends ſhortly to entertain the Public with a full Account of his Diſcovery.

Oct. 10. Letters from Genoa mention, "The Apprehenſions of the Republic concerning Great-Britain's intermeddling in the Affairs of Corſica have at length totally ſubſided: And it is ſaid, the latter have actually been tied up by a ſecret Article in the late Treaty of Fontainbleau, from giving any Aſſiſtance to the Corſicans."

It is ſaid that Fifty Thouſand Pounds in Silver will ſoon be ſtruck at the Tower, the Shillings not to exceed Ten-pence [illegible], to prevent being melted down, or exported.

The French, as the Firſt Mark of their Sovereignty over Corſica, have taken upon them to expel all the Jeſuits in that Iſle.

They write from Toulon, that Two Men of War of the Line have been ordered to Corſica, to be employed in bombarding ſome Towers and Fortreſſes on the ſea Coaſts of that Iſland, occupied by the Malcontents.

The laſt Advices from Leghorn, ſay, that the French Troops had not made any further Progreſs in Corſica; but that as Caſinca had ſurrendered to them, which is the Place where the Deputies of the Nation were appointed to meet on the 20th of laſt Month, it was not known in what Place the intended Meeting would be held.

We hear that a Veſſel, loaded with Cannon, [illegible] and Ball, ſailed from Leith for the Mediterranean on Wedneſday laſt, it is ſuppoſed for the Uſe of the brave Corſicans; there were above 30 Pieces of heavy Cannon, moſtly 32 Pounders; both theſe and the Balls were caſt at Carron.

On the 8th Inſt. died the Honourable John Maitland, Son to the Earl of Lauderdale.

Oct. 11. Preparations are making at Paris, for the Marriage of the Dauphin with an Archducheſs; and for the Marriage of the Count de Provence with a Princeſs of Savoy, which are to be celebrated on the ſame Day in May next.

A Correſpondent ſays, that a Tax upon Jewels, Equipages, Livery Servants, and Bachelors above 30, would produce enough to eaſe the Poor in the Articles of Soap, Candles and Beer.

A foreign Gentleman, who has been converſant many Years in Holland, and made the modern Syſtem of the Dutch his peculiar Study, affirms, that the United Provinces were never, ſince the Foundation of that Republic, on ſo reſpectable a Footing, both in their foreign Connections, as well as internal Police, by a long uninterrupted Peace, frugal Induſtry, and extenſive Trade. 'Tis ſaid the Dutch can raiſe immediately Forty Millions Sterling at Home, beſides the immenſe Sums lodged in the Funds at Intereſt, at different foreign Powers, whereof England is the Principal. No Wonder thoſe ſagacious People pay ſo little Regard to a certain Power on a recent Application.

October 13. We have Authority to aſſure the Public, that certain Advices are received by the Ship Admiral Pocock, from Bengal, that a Treaty of Peace had been concluded with the Subah of the Dean; an Event which promiſed the moſt favourable Proſpect of reducing Hyder Ally, and of effectually ſecuring the Company's Poſſeſſion in thoſe Parts.

Laſt Night about Eleven o'Clock, his Royal Highneſs the Duke of Cumberland, arrived at his Houſe in Pall-Mall from his Travels abroad, in perfect Health.

The Report of the Changes as ſtated in the Papers of Yeſterday, is clearly without Foundation. The D. of B. it is certain, will never accept of any Employment; and the extraordinary Board of Treaſury, as it is called, is uſual at this Time of the Year.

We hear that a Packet is making up for his Excellency General Gage, Commander in Chief of all his Majeſty's Forces in North-America, ſaid to contain ſome Inſtructions of a very particular Nature, to the ſeveral Governors and Commanders on that Continent.

A few Nights ago, at a certain remarkable Houſe in St. James's-Street, a noble D— laid a Wager of 200 Guineas to 50, with an Iriſh Gentleman, that War would be declared, by Great-Britain, againſt France and Spain, jointly, before the Meeting of Parliament.

It was this Morning reported, an Order has been ſent to Dublin, to poſtpone the Embarkation of the Iriſh Regiments deſtined for North-America, 'til further Notice.

We hear his Majeſty's Ship Dorſetſhire, of 74 Guns, is going to be fitted out, to carry a Regiment to Minorca.

The Mails from Holland, France, and Flanders, which arrived this Afternoon, brought Advice, that ſeveral Bands of Turks had paſſed the Nieſter, and were committing Hoſtilities on the Poliſh Territory; that the Confederates of Bar, who were lately diſperſed by the Ruſſian Troops, had re-united themſelves on the Ottoman Side of the Nieſter; and that General Kreczetnikow, has poſted a Line of Troops, from Muiedyiduc to Cronſtantinow.

Letters from Italy by Yeſterday's Holland Mail adviſe, that a ſtrong Report prevails, that an Engliſh Squadron will ſoon appear at Niece, to be employed in ſuch Manner as the King of Sardinia ſhall judge proper.

It is ſaid the Succeſs of our Fiſhermen on the Banks of Newfoundland was never greater than it has been this Seaſon.

It is odd, but true, that the principal Part of the Butter ſold at Douglas in the Iſle of Man, belongs to the Biſhop of Sodor and Man, and each Pound of Butter is ſtamped with the Mitre.

There is now living in the Town of Hatley in Eſſex, one Arthur Jackſon, a Ploughman, aged 107, and his Wife, aged 103, who have been married 81 Years, and never had a Child.

Extract of a Letter from Warſaw, September 10.

"The Troubles of this unhappy Kingdom increaſe every Day. What gives moſt Affliction to the King and Senate, are the Three Confederacies juſt formed in Lithuania, in which ſome Perſons of great Conſideration have taken Part. Some Detachments of Troops are in March that Way, to endeavour to diſperſe them.

"We juſt now hear that all the Nobleſſe on the Frontiers of Hungary are up in Arms, and that the Clergy are inceſſantly animating the Peaſants to revolt.

"Major and Lieutenant de Goltz (Sons of the General Baron de Goltz, who was Marſhal of a Confederacy of Diſſidents) have been aſſaſſinated on the Highway."

Extract of a Letter from a Gentleman on his Travels, to his Friend in Ireland, dated from Bruges, Sept. 23.

"I propoſe ſtaying a Month or Five Weeks at Paris, if the French Court does not diſmiſs me ſooner, for every Thing here, and indeed all over the Continent, favours of War, ſo that it may probably [illegible]. A general Rupture is as much the Expectation here, as with you in Ireland; and the principal Powers on this Side the Water have now as many Troops in Pay as they had in the Midſt of the laſt War, Prince Charles, Governor of the Auſtrian Netherlands, has lately reviewed the Forces [illegible] ſons, in the Province[illegible] Queen, which look[illegible] preparat[illegible] pected Enemy which [illegible]."

Extract of a Letter from Portſmouth, Aug[illegible]

"On Sunday laſt Admiral Sir John Moore, attended by all the Captains and other Officers of his Majeſty's Navy, at or near this Port, went on board the [illegible] Man of War in the Harbour, to be preſent at the Trial of a new invented Chain Pump, which gave the higheſt Satiſfaction to all preſent, and gained univerſal Applauſe.

"The Experiments were as follow:

"The new Pump, wrought by Four Men, threw a Ton of Water in Forty-Two Seconds of Time.

"The old Pump, when put in the beſt Order poſſible, and wrought by Seven Men, threw a Ton in Seventy-Six Seconds.

"The new Pump, when wrought with Two Men, threw a Ton in Forty-Seven Seconds.

"The old Pump, with Two Men, not moveable.

"The Chain of the new Pump, when broke by Deſign, and dropped into the Well, was repaired and wrought in Two Minutes.

"The old Pump was repaired in Two Hours.

"The new Pump, when choaked with Shingle-Ballaſt, was cleared and wrought in Four Minutes.

"The old Pump could not be cleared until the Water was pumped out of the Ship.

"All the Officers that were preſent, declared it was their Opinion, that it was the greateſt Improvement ever made on a Machine of the Kind, and muſt not only prove an immenſe Saving to the Nation, but alſo of the utmoſt Uſe and Safety to Ships at Sea, as it can ſeldom or never be out of Order, and is very eaſily repaired."

BOSTON, *December* 12.

Extract of a Letter from Edinburgh, October 15.

"The Advice from Bergen, in Norway, of a War with France, has turned out only to be a Dutch trick. The Dutch formerly ſupplied the French with Salt Cod-Fiſh from Iceland, but of late France thought proper to ſubject the Dutch Cod to a high Duty, and to carry on the Iceland Fiſhery themſelves; in particular, they fitted out a great Number of Veſſels this Year, from Dunkirk, Calais, St. Malo, Havre de Grace, &c. The Hollanders were greatly chagrined at this Conduct, and, on Purpoſe to ſpoil, at leaſt, this Year's Fiſhery, they diſpatched a Scout, to ſpread a Report among the French Fiſhers, that War was on the Point of being declared between France and England: This Rumour ſo terrified the Frenchman, that they inſtantly quitted the Fiſhing Ground, and made the beſt of their Way home, many of them with few Fiſh, and others with none at all."

NEW-LONDON, *December* 2.

Capt. Harris, who arrived here ſince our laſt, in 60 Days from Fyal, was near periſhing for want of Proviſions, (and muſt inevitably have done ſo) but coming acroſs a Veſſel, 20 Days before his Arrival, (who refuſed to let them have any Thing to ſubſiſt on) the People forcibly ſhared the Proviſions in the Veſſel, equally between the Two Crews, they being equal in Number.

Extract of a Letter, dated Grenada, November 12, 1768.

"An Engliſh Man of War of 20 Guns in her Paſſage from Dominica, to Grenada, fell in with a French Frigate of 36 Guns, and under Suppoſition of the Frenchman being a Pirate, the Engliſh Ship uſed her very ſeverely, made her ſheer off a mere Wreck, but would not ſtrike her Colours.—This Place is very ſickly but like for a fine Crop."

WILLIAMSBURG, *Dec.* 15.

On the [illegible] of this Inſtant, about Ten o'Clock at Night, the Jail of Amherſt County, by ſome Accident caught Fire, and one Richard Fletcher Gregory, confined in it for Debt, periſhed in the Flames. There was ſomething very deplorable in this Man's Fate, for, although, by his Cries, he awakened the Jailer, who immediately ſnatched up the Keys, as he thought, of the Priſon, and ran directly to open the Door, yet, upon Trial, he found they were the wrong ones, and, by his repeated Efforts to unlock the Door, ſpoiled the Lock, ſo that when he came with the right Key, it had no Effect. Then he rouſed up a Negro Fellow, who, with an Ax, laboured hard to cut the Door through, and when he had completed it, found that what he had done was in vain, as there were Iron Bars in the Inſide. The poor Man, who was all this Time at the Window, and ſeeing nothing more could be done for his Relief, as the Fire burſted out at the Priſon Door, and hindered the Negro from proceeding, reſigned himſelf to his Fate: He took off his Cloaths, and threw them out at the Window, telling the Jailer to give them to his poor Wife and Children, as the only Legacy he had to leave them. He then retired to a Corner of the Priſon, and lay down, waiting his Fate. Next Morning his Remains were found, which were nothing but his Scull and Thigh Bones.

Captain Kerr, of the Elizabeth, arrived in James River from Glaſgow, brought in with him the Crew of the Schooner Friendſhip, belonging to Maryland, laden with Salt, that had ſprung a Leak, and could not have been kept from ſinking much longer. Some few Articles, and Part of her Rigging, were ſaved.

We hear that a large Veſſel, diſmaſted, and nobody on board, is drove aſhore outſide of the Capes.

PHILADELPHIA, *December* 22.

Extract of a Letter from Grenada, Nov. 19, 1768.

"Four Days ſince arrived here, a Sloop from the Main, which had been ſurprized by a Number of Spaniards, who took all the People from on board, except the Captain and Two Men, and left [illegible] Spaniards. The Captain aſked the Two Men, if they would endeavour to retake the Sloop, they immediately joined in the hardy Attempt, and actually drove Twelve Spaniards into a Launch that was along Side, and kept Two to aſſiſt in navigating the Sloop into this Place. I wiſh I could give you the Captain's Name. I have ſeen him many Times. He has a deſperate Cut in his Head and Face.

"Several other Veſſels have been taken from the [illegible]

[illegible]

WHEREAS the Subſcriber, did, in the Year One Thouſand Seven Hundred and Sixty-ſeven, give under his Hand, a Note, promiſing to pay unto JOHN BOND, Sen. of *Baltimore-Town*, a Sum of Money, upwards of Thirty Pounds Currency, Twenty Pounds of which Sum is paid, and a Receipt thereof entered on the ſaid Note, the Remainder was agreed to be left unpaid, until I was ſatisfied by the Judgment of Men, concerning ſome juſt Demands I have againſt ſaid JOHN BOND. I therefore deſire that no Perſon will take an Aſſignment of the aforeſaid Note, as I will not pay the Remainder, until I am fully ſatisfied it is juſtly due. As Witneſs my Hand, this Twelfth Day of Twelfth Month, called *December*, One Thouſand Seven Hundred and Sixty-eight.

GEORGE MASON.

January 1, 1769.

W A N T E D,

A MASTER at the FREE-SCHOOL, in *Prince-George's* County. Any Perſon, of a good moral Character, who is qualified as the Law directs, and can come well recommended, for his Diligence and Sobriety, is deſired to meet the Viſitors, at the ſaid School-Houſe, on Thurſday, the 26th Inſtant.

Sign'd per *Order*, SAM^{l}. TYLER, Regiſter.

Patapſco-Ferry, *December* 28, 1768.

THE Subſcriber being appointed by the Magiſtrates of *Baltimore* County, at the laſt Court, to keep the Lower-Ferry, on *Patapſco* River, for ſaid County, begs Leave to inform the Public, That he has provided ſafe and convenient BOATS, well Mann'd, together with every Thing neceſſary to give Travellers the utmoſt Diſpatch.——He alſo keeps a TAVERN, and has taken conſiderable Pains to fit up commodious Lodging-Rooms, and lay in a proper Aſſortment of Liquors. He has alſo erected very good STABLES, and is always furniſhed with Plenty of excellent Clover-Hay and Oats, ſo that Gentlemen may depend upon having their Horſes taken great Care of, and themſelves agreeably accommodated, by

Their moſt humble Servant,

(10w) JAMES KELSO.

January 4, 1769.

THE Subſcribers being determined to leave George-*Town* very ſoon, will ſell what Goods they have on Hand, very cheap, for ready Payment in Caſh, or Grain. They requeſt all Perſons indebted to them, to come and ſettle their Accounts as ſoon as poſſible. Thoſe who neglect coming to ſettle before the 20th of next *March*, may expect their Accounts will be put into the Hands of a Lawyer, without further Notice.

(5w) JAMES HARRIS, & Co.

January 5, 1769.

RAN away from the Subſcriber, in *London-Town*, on the Firſt Inſtant, an Indented Servant Man, named WILLIAM COOKE, a Tailor by Trade, an *Engliſhman*, born in *Staffordſhire*, and has been in moſt Parts of *Ireland*, is about 5 Feet 6 Inches high, has a ſmall Lump in his Forehead, a Mole on his Face, which he has ſhaved off, thin Viſage, and dark Eyes: Had on, when he went away, a coarſe Hat, bound round with Worſted Binding, thin black Hair, tied behind, and curled, a dark Bearſkin Coat, a light coloured napp'd Duffil Waiſtcoat, and black Everlaſting Breeches, with Metal Buttons [illegible] the Coat and Waiſtcoat, and the Edges of the [illegible] and Waiſtcoat bound, white Yarn Stockings, a Pair of Country-made Shoes, pretty good, a Pair of carved yellow Buckles, a brown Sheeting Shirt, and ſundry other Cloaths unknown.——It is ſuppoſed he is gone with his Wife, an *Iriſhwoman*, who ſerved her Time with Mr. *Charles Stewart*, on *South-River*, who has got Mr. *Stewart's* Diſcharge on the Back of her Indenture, about Nine Months ago, and has likewiſe got another Diſcharge on the 3[illegible] of *December* laſt, from Mr. *Stewart*, on her pretending ſhe had loſt her Indenture; ſhe has alſo got a Certificate from the Reverend Mr. *David Love*, of their Marriage, which, I make no Doubt, but they will be very apt to ſhew both the Diſcharge and the Certificate.——He has been in the *Eaſt-Indies*, on board a Man of War, and boaſts much of it when drunk, in which he will not fail, if he can get Liquor.——He has been Two Years in the Country.——It is ſuppoſed they will enquire for *Hugh Miriarlie's**, in *Frederick* County, a Weaver by Trade, (which, I believe, is not a ſettled Perſon in *Frederick* County) or more probably intends to *Philadelphia*.——Whoever takes up the ſaid Servant Man, and brings him home to his Maſter, ſhall receive Three Pounds Reward, and reaſonable Charges, paid by

(tf) ALEXANDER FERGUSON.

* This *Miriarlie* is Brother [illegible]

To be ſold, by [illegible] *the* 16*th of this Month, by the Subſcriber, living in Herring-Creek Swamp, for ready Caſh, or ſhort Credit*,

FOUR NEGRO SLAVES, one Man, [illegible] Two Boys, and [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] to be ſold the [illegible] at the Plantation of the late Mr. [illegible] *Annapolis*, are to be ſold on the 20th Day of *January*, at *Annapolis*.

N. B. Among the NEGROES to be ſold, are a BLACKSMITH, and ſeveral very likely BOYS and GIRLS.

To be ſold by the Subſcriber, very reaſonable, for either ready Sterling Caſh, or Current Money,

A TRACT of LAND, called WOOTTON'S DISCOVERY, containing 122 Acres, lying in *Frederick* County, about 17 Miles from *Frederick-Town*, is a ſmall Diſtance from 'Squire *Calvert* and Company's Forge, and near Capt. *Adam Henry's*. The Land is level, and the Soil pretty good. The Title is indiſputable. Any Perſon, diſpoſed to treat for the ſame, may know the Terms, by applying to the Subſcriber, who will attend at *Fredrick* County *March* Court next.

(w4) EDWARD MAGRUDER.

December 24, 1768.

To be SOLD, *at* PUBLIC VENDUE,

A TRACT of LAND, lying in *Dorcheſter* County, about Two Miles to the Eaſtward of the Line lately run, granted under *Maryland* Rights, with natural and artificial Boundaries for 600 Acres, but contains nearly 900 Acres. The Land lies about 10 Miles from the Foreſt-Landing, on [illegible]*'s* Creek, on *Delaware*, and about 9 Miles from *Choptank-Bridge*; has Two Streams of Water running through it, one of them ſufficient for a Mill, and has about 100 Acres of Land, capable of making exceeding rich Meadow. There is about 350 Acres of cleared Land, under good Fence, on Part of which there is now ſown 110 Buſhels of Wheat. There is on the Land a Dwelling-Houſe, 36 Feet by 20, with a Cellar, a Smoke-Houſe, Milk-Houſe, Three Corn-Houſes, one new Barn, 50 Feet by 30; one Peach Orchard, of 7000 flouriſhing Trees, and Three Apple Orchards. The Plantation is in very good Order, the Situation pleaſant and healthy, and the Soil very rich, and well adapted to Farming, but particularly good for Wheat.

Any Perſon inclinable to purchaſe, may apply to *Joſeph Gill*, who lives on the Premiſes, and will ſhew the Land and Title, (which is indiſputable) as well as give Information of the Terms and Conditions of the Sale, which will be on the Premiſes, the 16th Day of *March* next, if fair, if not, on the firſt fair Day after, by (tf) JOSEPH COWMAN.

JUST IMPORTED,

In the Snow NANCY, *Capt.* WILLIAM ROGERSON, *from* AFRICA, *and the* WEST-INDIES,

A PARCEL of YOUNG HEALTHY SLAVES, and to be ſold, at my Store, in *Baltimore-Town*, for Caſh, Bills of Exchange, Tobacco, Wheat, Flour, or Iron.

JOHN STEVENSON.

W A N T E D,

A YOUNG MAN, who writes a good Hand, and underſtands Accounts: Such-a-one, if well recommended for his Honeſty and Sobriety, may hear of Employment, by applying to the Printers hereof. (tf)

November 30, 1768.

TO BE SOLD,

Agreeable to the Laſt Will and Teſtament of Mr. JAMES EDELEN, *late of* Prince-George's *County*, *deceaſed*, *the Second Tueſday in* January *next*, *at the Mill*, *to the higheſt Bidder*,

ONE Half Part of a very good GRIST-MILL, in good Repair; has been built about Five Years; is ſituate within Half a Mile of *Piſcataway*, and has Plenty of Cuſtom. There is Ten Acres of Land belonging to the Whole, which would make a good Meadow. Any Perſon inclinable to purchaſe the ſame, may be ſhown the Premiſes, by applying to the Subſcriber, near *Piſcataway*. The Purchaſer may have Eight or Ten Years Credit for the Money, on paying Intereſt, and giving Security to

(w3) EDWARD EDELEN, Jun. Executor.

TO BE SOLD,

TWO Country-born Negro BOYS; the one about Twelve Years of Age, the other about Eight, and have both had the Small-Pox.——Any Perſon wanting ſuch, may know the Terms, by enquiring of the Printers.

*** Likewiſe a good HOUSE-CARPENTER, who has near Five Years to ſerve.

To be SOLD *by the* SUBSCRIBER, *for Caſh or Bills, the following Tracts of Land*:

THE NEW LITTLE-WOOD FOREST, 500 Acres.——The REFORM'D REBECCA, 240 Acres. This is under Leaſe for Seven Years, at 900 *lb.* of Tobacco *per* Year, and 30 or 40 Acres of it, if properly cultivated, will make good Meadow.——POPLAR THICKET, 123 Acres; a little Part of it cleared, and in good Fence. All theſe Lands [illegible] on the Line that divides Prince-George's and *Charles* Counties.——Credit will be given for all the Purchaſe-Money, on paying Intereſt, with Security, [illegible] may be [illegible]

[illegible] WHEELER.

[illegible] FOR RAISING

SIX HUNDRED DOLLARS,

FOR FINISHING THE

MARKET-HOUSE & TOWN-HALL

IN

FREDERICK-TOWN, in FREDERICK County,

TO CONSIST OF

TWO THOUSAND TICKETS,

AT TWO DOLLARS each.

FIVE HUNDRED and FIFTY-SEVEN of which will be fortunate, without any Deduction, *viz.*

1	Prize of 200 Dollars, is	200 Dollars.
2	100	200
3	50	150
4	25	100
20	15	300
50	10	500
475	4	1900
PRIZES, 557	First drawn Blank,	25
BLANKS, 1443	Laſt drawn Blank,	25
		600 S^{m} rais'd.
2000	Tickets, 2 Dollars each,	4000 Dollars.

By the above SCHEME, there are little more than TWO BLANKS and an HALF to a PRIZE; and the Profits retained, are Fifteen *per Cent.* on the Whole.——When the TICKETS are diſpoſed of, the Drawing is to begin, (on Fourteen Days previous Notice, at leaſt, to be given in the MARYLAND GAZETTE) in the Court-Houſe of the ſaid County, in Preſence of Five of the Managers, at leaſt, and as many of the Adventurers as ſhall think proper to attend. The Drawing, it is hoped, will be in Six Months, at fartheſt, as a great Number of the Tickets are already engaged.

The Managers are Meſſ^{rs}. *Chriſtopher Edelen*, *Caſper Shaaff*, *Thomas Price*, *George Murdock*, *Levy Cohan*, *Jacob Young*, *Lodowick Weltner*, *Charles Beatty*, *Joſeph Gaither*, *George Scott*, *Adam Fiſher*, *John Horſe*, *William Parker*, *Jacob Schley*, *Daniel Heughs*, *Upton Sheredine*, *George Stricker*, *Thomas Cramphin*, Jun. *William Deakin*, Jun. and *Andrew Stigar*, who are to give Bond, and be on Oath for the faithful Diſcharge of their Truſt.

A LIST of the PRIZES to be publiſhed in the MARYLAND GAZETTE, as ſoon as the Drawing is finiſhed, and the Prizes to be paid off, without any Deduction.——PRIZES not demanded within Six Months from the Publication aforeſaid, to be deemed as generouſly given for the Uſe intended, and applied accordingly.

*** The Value of Seven Shillings and Six-pence, in PENNSYLVANIA Currency, will be received in Lieu of each Dollar, in the Sale of TICKETS; and the ſame Currency to be accepted in Payment of the Prizes drawn by the fortunate Adventurers.

N. B. TICKETS to be had of any of the MANAGERS, and at the PRINTING-OFFICE, in ANNAPOLIS. (3m)

WAS left, in the Hands of *Thomas Richardſon*, and Co. at their Store, in *George-Town*, on *Patowmack*, by *Daniel Badger*, Maſter of the Schooner *Lovely-Laſs*, from *Philadelphia*, a Package of Goods, with a Letter directed to *Frederick Delaplank*, near *George-Town*, *Maryland*. The ſaid *Delaplank* is hereby deſired to apply for the ſame, which will be delivered to him, or his Order, on paying Freight, and the Expence of this Advertiſement.

(w3) THOMAS RICHARDSON.

TEN POUNDS REWARD.

Maryland, *Sept.* 1, 1768.

RAN away from the Subſcriber, living on *Buſh-Creek*, near *Frederick-Town*, in *Frederick* County, the Two following Convict Servants, *viz.*

WILLIAM SIMMONS, an *Engliſhman*, by Trade a Barber, is fond of expreſſing his Calling; he is about 5 Feet 6 Inches high, of a fair Complexion, wears his own Hair, of a ſandy Colour, has large white Eyes, and very high Cheek Bones: Had on a Check Shirt, blue Cloth double-breaſted Jacket, a Pair of Country Linen Trowſers, old Shoes, and a Caſtor Hat, half worn.

WILLIAM BURNS, an *Engliſhman*, a luſty well made Fellow, 5 Feet 8 Inches high, of a fair Complexion, wears his own Hair, of a yellow Colour, has a very brazen Look, and is much given to Swearing, he alſo has a large Scar on his right Arm, which he often ſhows when in Company: Had on a Crocus Shirt, brown Kerſey Jacket, a Pair of fulled Country Cloth Breeches, old Hat and Shoes; they alſo took with them, a ſtrip'd Match-Coat Blanket.——Whoever takes up the ſaid Servants, and ſecures them, ſo as their Maſter may get them again, ſhall have the above Reward, and reaſonable Charges, if brought home, paid by (7w) WILLIAM DUVALL.

*** I have been informed of Two Men anſwering the above Deſcription, being ſeen paſſing from *Lower-Marlborough*, down *Patuxent* River; and, as Freemen, offering themſelves to man a Veſſel going to Sea. If any Captains of Veſſels, or [illegible], ſhould remember employing them, on giving me Notice thereof, the Favour ſhall be gratefully acknowledged; and, if they are taken up, 'tis requeſted particular Care may be taken of them, as they are both grand Villains, and will endeavour, if poſſible, to make their Eſcape. W. D.

Virginia, Aquia, Dec. 10, 1768.

To be SOLD, on Tuesday the 4th Day of April next,

THE valuable Tract of LAND, known by the Name of BRENTON, containing 8,000 Acres, lying in *Prince-William* County, and within 18 Miles of *Colcheſter*, 1[illegible] of *Dumfries*, and [illegible] of *Falmouth*. This Land is remarkable for being level, of a rich Soil throughout the Tract, and well timbered and watered, has many valuable Improvements on it, and pays no QUIT-RENTS. The Sale will begin preciſely at 12 o'Clock, at the Houſe of SCARLET MADDINS, on the Premiſes, and the Land ſold either in Lots, or the Whole, as ſhall be agreed upon on the Day of Sale, as well as the Terms for Payment.

ROBERT BRENT,
WILLIAM BRENT,
DANIEL CARROLL,
HENRY ROZER.

(15w) 3

Annapolis, December 20, 1768.

This is to acquaint the PUBLIC,

THAT the Subſcribers are lately arrived from ENGLAND, and propoſe, immediately after the Holidays, to open a SCHOOL, in a Room near Mr. *Robert Johnſon*'s, and will teach ENGLISH, after a Method truly grammatical, whereby the young Scholars will, in a ſhort Time, be enabled to ſpeak and write as grammatical ENGLISH, as thoſe who have had the Advantage of a claſſical Education. WRITING and ARITHMETIC, in general, with all the lateſt Improvements, which will conſtitute a Syſtem of that invaluable Art, more worthy the Study and Attention of Youth, than perhaps has been laid before them in theſe Parts; alſo an extenſive Courſe of foreign Exchange, Menſuration, *&c. &c.* Merchants Accompts, as practis'd in the beſt Counting-Houſes in *London*, with all ſuch mercantile Precepts, Forms of Buſineſs, Letters in Trade, *&c.* as are fit to qualify Youth for the Counting-Houſe, or Public Offices.—The Subſcriber being perfectly acquainted, by Experience, in the above Branches, hopes that few can teach them in a more eaſy and intelligible Manner.

Knitting, Sewing, working upon Cat-gut, Muſlin, *&c.* alſo taught at the ſame Place.——Thoſe Gentlemen, *&c.* who pleaſe to favour either, or both of them, with their Children, may depend on their being faithfully inſtructed, by

Their moſt obedient humble Servants,
3 JOHN & SALLY STOTT.

*** They propoſe keeping an Evening-School for the Convenience of thoſe who cannot attend during the Day.

TWENTY POUNDS REWARD.

November 28, 1768.

RAN away from the *Neabſco* Iron-Works, in *Virginia*, on, or about the 10th of *October* laſt, a Country born Negro Man Slave, named BILLIE, the Property of the Hon. *John Tayloe*, Eſq; he is about 30 Years of Age, very black, well made, Five Feet Eight Inches high, puts on a ſower Look when taxed with any Thing amiſs; he had on and took with him, when he went away, a blue Broad Cloth Coat, black Cotton Velvet Jacket, and ſundry other Sorts of Cloaths, beſides Shoes and Stockings of various Kinds: He is by Trade a Ship-Carpenter, and is ſuch a Proficient in that Buſineſs, as not only to repair, but to build all Sorts of ſmall Craft. The Day that he went off, he was accompanied by a dark Mulatto Fellow, named SCIPIO, the Property of Mr. *John M'Millian* of *Prince-William* County, in *Virginia*, of much the ſame Age and Size as himſelf. They croſſed *Patowmack-River* together, in a Schooner's Boat, to the *Maryland* Shore, where they left her, and have, from that Time, kept themſelves undiſcovered. As *Billie* was ſome Time laſt Summer brought from *Carolina*, (to which Place, under the Sanction of a forged Paſs, he had travelled as a Freeman) it is more than probable that if he is not now engaged by ſome Ship-Builders to the Northward, that he will endeavour to get on board of ſome Craft, bound for *Charles-Town*, or to ſome Place in *Carolina*, where he expects to be free.

Whoever takes up the ſaid Negro, or Mulatto, and brings One, or both, to the Subſcriber, or to Mr. *John Calvert*, Manager of Col. *Tayloe*'s Mine-Bank, in *Baltimore* County, or will ſecure them, ſo as they may be had again, ſhall receive, for each, a Reward of Five Pounds, if taken Forty Miles from home, or the above Reward, if at a greater Diſtance from the ſaid Mr. *John Calvert*, or from

(tf) 5 THOMAS LAWSON.

WANTED, on Hire, a PLANTATION, having a Sufficiency of Hands and Stock thereon.——For Particulars, enquire of the Subſcriber living at the Plantation of Mr. *Heſſelius*, on the North-Side of *Severn*.

JOHN GRANT.

October 20, 1768.

To be SOLD, *or let on* CHARTER,

THE SLOOP BETSEY, a ſtrong Veſſel, will carry about 3500 Buſhels, now lying at *Annapolis*, [illegible] End of next Week, [illegible] *nard's Creek*, *Patuxent*. She is juſt cleaned, and well found, and will, if Chartered, be [illegible] to receive her Lading at Five Days Notice.

For Terms, apply to Mr. *Joſhua Johnſon*, at *Annapolis*, or the Subſcriber, on board.

GEORGE COOK.

Queen-Anne, November 15, 1768.

RAN away from the Subſcriber, ſome Time in *July* laſt, a Mulatto Servant Man, named PHILIP GRAY, a well-ſet Fellow, about Five Feet Eight Inches high, and much pitted with the Small-Pox. It is ſuppoſed that he is harboured by ſome free Negro, near *Elk-Ridge*, or has made off to *Baltimore* County. Whoever takes up the ſaid Servant, and ſecures him, ſhall be paid TWENTY SHILLINGS Reward, and reaſonable Charges, if brought to

(tf) 7 W^m. T. WOOTTON.

SCHEME
OF A
LOTTERY

For raiſing the Sum of FOUR HUNDRED and FIFTY POUNDS, for purchaſing an ORGAN for the New-Church, and building a MARKET-HOUSE, in the Town of ALEXANDRIA, *viz.*

Prizes.		Pounds.		Pounds.
5	of	100	are	500
5	—	50	—	250
10	—	25	—	250
20	—	10	—	200
100	—	5	—	500
860	—	30*s.*	—	1290
1000	Prizes.	First drawn Blank,		5
2000	Blanks.	Laſt drawn Blank,		5
3000	Tickets at 20*s.*			£. 3000

Fifteen *per Cent.* deducted from the Prizes, amounts to £. 450, the Sum wanted.

In this Scheme, there are no more than Two Blanks to a Prize; and, for the ſmall Value, and Number of Tickets, there are many conſiderable Prizes.—Many Schemes of Lotteries, for various Purpoſes, and of various Conſtructions, are offered to the Public, they are indeed become common; by many it is reckoned a Species of Gaming, it may be ſo, yet certainly this is the moſt juſtifiable, perhaps laudable, becauſe for Public Uſes. The Promoters hope they will meet with that Encouragement in the Sale of the Tickets, which ſo good and uſeful an Intention merits, and will enable them to draw the Lottery in Six Months. The Adventurers may be aſſured it will be drawn as ſoon as the Tickets are ſold.——Immediately after Drawing, a Liſt of the Prizes will be publiſhed in the *Virginia* and *Maryland* GAZETTES.

Prizes not demanded in Six Months, after Drawing, will be eſteemed given for the Benefit of the Lottery.

The Managers are, *William Ramſay*, *John Carlyle*, *John Dalton*, *Robert Adam*, *John Muir*, *Henry Piper*, *Thomas Fleming*, *George Waſhington*. Truſtees, *Thomas Kirkpatrick*, *Henry Riddle*, *Richard Ar*[illegible]*Hall* and *Gilpin*, *William Rumney*, *Robert Hariſon*, *Thomas Carſon*, of whom Tickets may be had: They act upon Oath, and give Bond faithfully to diſcharge their Truſt.

Dollars will be taken at Six Shillings, and paid away at the ſame Rate.

Frederick-Town, Cecil County, *Oct.* 24, 1768.

TO be Sold, by virtue of a Power of Attorney from *George* and *William Buck*, Eſqrs. Merchants of *Biddeford*, a Dwelling-Houſe in *Cheſter-Town*, compleatly finiſhed, with Eight Rooms, Six of which are richly papered. There is an excellent Kitchen adjoining, in which are Two good Fire-Places, and every Thing compleat. On the Lot is a commodious Stable, with Nine Stalls, Two of which are cloſe; a large Yard, with a good Well and new Pump in it, and every other Conveniency fit for a Gentleman's Family in private Life, or public Buſineſs. On the ſame Lot is a large Brick Houſe, which, with a little Expence, might be converted into a good Store-Room and Compting-Houſe. For Terms of Sale, apply to

(tf) 7 JOSEPH EARLE.

LATELY PUBLISHED,
And to be SOLD *at the* PRINTING-OFFICE,
THE
MARYLAND ALMANACK,
FOR THE YEAR 1769,

CONTAINING many inſtructive and entertaining Pieces, both in Proſe and Verſe, together with Receipts for the Cure of different Diſorders incident to this Climate, *&c.* We have added a Sheet extraordinary this Year, for the Benefit of our Cuſtomers only, as we ſhall diſpoſe of them at the uſual Price of 5*s. per* Dozen, or 8 Coppers ſingle.

JUST IM[illegible]

In the [illegible]

from L[illegible]

HUDSON [illegible]

[illegible]

A LARGE Aſſortment of *European* GOODS, ſuitable for the Seaſon, [illegible] in all its Branches; Mercery; Haberdaſhery; Millinery; *Mancheſter* Goods; Saddlery; Stationary; Ship-Chandlery; Braziery; Cutlery and Hard-Ware; Dry-Saltery; Groceries; Felt and Caſtor Hats; Sailors, and Hunting Caps; ſtrip'd Linſeys; Grograms; Superfine ribb'd Stockings; Worſted and Yarn ditto; Silk and Worſted ditto; Rugs; *Indian* Blanketing; full Suits of Superfine Broad-Cloaths, and Trimmings; Womens, Girls, and Childrens Stays; home-made Checks; brown Hollands; brown Sheetings; white Sheetings; a large Aſſortment of *Iriſh* Linens; *German*, *Engliſh*, *Iriſh*, and *Scotch* Oſnabrigs; Hempen-Rolls; *German*, *Engliſh*, and *Iriſh* Dowlas; hempen and flaxen Sacking; *Warrington* Sail-Cloth; *Kendal*, and *Welſh* Cottons; Crown-Glaſs Squares of all Sizes; FF Gunpowder; Drop-Shot; Bar-Lead; common and double Flint Glaſs-Ware; Gardevine Squares; *French* Indico; bottled Snuff; Roll-Brimſtone; Saltpetre; Copperas; Allum; Mens Boots and Shoes; Womens Leather, Calimanco, and [illegible] Shoes; Childrens Morocco ditto; Hair Sifters; Lawn, and Silk Searchers; Pipes; Bruſhes of all Sorts; Nails of all Sorts and Sizes; Wigs; Sail-Twine; Bed-Cords; Top-Sean Twine; deep Sea, Log, Drum, Cat, and Perch Lines; Halters and Traces; white Rope; Box-Cordage; Corks, and Cork-Wood for Sean-Nets; mix'd Paints; Iron Pots, Pans, Frying-Pans, Caſt Iron Tea-Kettles, Skillets, *&c.* *Engliſh* Loaf-Sugar; a large Quantity of Five and Seven Years old bottled Beer, in Tierces, containing [illegible] Dozen each; a very large Aſſortment of Crockery, and Earthen-Ware, conſiſting of moſt of the Articles in that Branch; China, and Copperplate Ware; *Liverpool* fine Salt; and a Parcel of Coals.

The above Goods, with many other Articles too tedious to inſert here, will be ſold by Wholeſale and Retail, at a low Advance. The ſaid HUDSON and THOMPSON will import, annually, Spring and Fall, Cargoes of Goods. Such as pleaſe to favour them with their Cuſtom in the Wholeſale Way, may depend on being ſerved on eaſy Terms, and their Orders to *England* punctually obſerved and complied with. Patterns of ſeveral Sorts of Goods, ſuitable for the Spring, may be ſeen at their Store, in *Gay-Street*. Market Prices for all Sorts of Produce.——A young Man is wanted, that underſtands Buſineſs, and is well acquainted in *Baltimore* County.

*** The above Ship [illegible], *James Thompſon* Maſter, now lying at *Fell's Point*, ſails for *Dublin*, the 20th of *December* next, and will take in Goods at a low Freight. For Particulars, apply to *Hudſon* and *Thompſon*, or the Captain, on Board.

Annapolis, July 2[illegible], 1768.

WHEREAS my late Maſter, Mr. ANDREW BUCHANAN, has generouſly declined his Buſineſs of BARBER and PERUKE-MAKER, in Favour of the Subſcriber, who has removed next Door to Mr. *Robert Couden*'s, where he has ſupplied himſelf with a freſh Aſſortment of Hair, and other Materials, for carrying on his Buſineſs, and hopes for the Encouragement of all Gentlemen, Ladies, and others, as they may depend on being ſerved [illegible], with every Article, in his Way, and after the neweſt Faſhions.

(tf) 11 JAMES REID.

October 14, 176[illegible].

STOLEN laſt Night, from the Subſcriber, living in *Prince-George's* County, near *Upper-Marlborough*, a likely bright bay HORSE, Four Years old, and about 14 and an Half Hands high, branded on the near Buttock, [illegible] he paces, trots, and gallops, and carries his Head high, when rode.

Whoever ſecures the ſaid Horſe, ſo as I may get him again, ſhall have Thirty Shillings Reward, and Five Pounds for the Thief, if he be convicted, paid by BENJAMIN HALL, (Son of FRANCIS.)

Annapolis, Sept. 2[illegible], 176[illegible].

ALL Perſons indebted to the Subſcriber, are hereby requeſted to diſcharge their reſpective Accounts immediately, without further Notice. And, whereas I have, through a Courſe of ſeveral Years Dealings, given large and extenſive Credits, ſo as [illegible] many Inſtances to be a conſiderable Sufferer thereby; yet, from Principles of Lenity and Forbearance, and a Conviction of the Difficulties ariſing to Debtors in general, from the great Scarcity of Caſh in the Province, I have hitherto neglected to take the neceſſary Steps to compel Payment: I am however at laſt reduced to the Neceſſity of taking this preparatory Step, towards collecting my outſtanding Debts. Thoſe therefore who are intereſted, will, by a ſpeedy Compliance with this Requiſition, avoid the Trouble and Expence attending the uſual Method of Recovery by Law.

[illegible]

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by ANNE CATHARINE and WILLIAM GREEN, at the PRINTING-OFFICE: Where all Perſons may be ſupplied with this GAZETTE, at 12*s.* 6*d.* a Year; ADVERTISEMENTS of a moderate Length, are inſerted the Firſt Time, for 5*s.* and 1*s.* for each Week's Continuance. Long Ones in Proportion to their Number of Lines.——At ſame Place may be had, neatly Printed, moſt Kinds of BLANKS, *viz.* COMMON and BAIL BONDS; TESTAMENTARY LETTERS of ſeveral Sorts, with their proper BONDS annexed; BILLS of EXCHANGE; SHIPPING-BILLS, *&c. &c.* All Manner of PRINTING-WORK performed in the neateſt and moſt expeditious Manner, [illegible] applying [illegible] above.